Retrieving data

SELECT * FROM t; A simple query to retrieve all rows and columns from *t*

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t; Query data in columns c1, c2 from a table

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t ORDER BY c1; Query data ordering them by c1

SELECT * FROM t ORDER BY c1 ASC; SELECT * FROM t ORDER BY c1 DESC; Sort the result set in ascending or descending order

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t LIMIT number OFFSET offset; Query the number of rows skipping the offset of rows

SELECT **c1**, **c2** FROM **t** WHERE **c1** BETWEEN **low** AND **high**; Query rows where value in *c1* is between two values

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 WHERE c1 [!] LIKE pattern; Query rows using simple pattern matching % and _ that is processed quickly

SELECT **c1**, **c2** FROM **t** WHERE c1 [!] IN **v1**, **v2**; Query rows where the value of *c1* is **[not]** in the list of *v1* and *v2*

SELECT **c1, c2** FROM t WHERE **c1** IS [!] NULL; Check if values in c1 is NULL or not

Retrieving data from multiple tables

SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t1** UNION [ALL] SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t2**; Combine rows from two queries

SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t1** INTERSECT SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t2**; Return the intersection of two queries

SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t1** EXCEPT SELECT **c1, c2** FROM **t2**; Subtract a result set from another result set

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 INNER JOIN t2 ON t1.c1=t2.c3; Inner join t1 and t2 If t1.c1!=t2.c3 the row will not be in the result

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 LEFT JOIN t2

ON t1.c1=t2.c3; Left join t1 and t1

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 LEFT JOIN t2 ON t1.c1=t2.c3; Right join t1 and t2

Deleting data

DELETE FROM t WHERE c1=v1; Delete subset of rows in the table *t*

TRUNCATE TABLE t CASCADE; DELETE FROM t; Remove all data in the table t

Modifying data

INSERT INTO t(c1, c2) VALUES(v1, v2); Insert one row into a table

INSERT INTO t(c1, c2) VALUES (v1, v2), (v1, v2), (v1, v2), (v1, v2); Insert multiple rows into a table (5 in the example above)

UPDATE t SET c1=v1, c2=v2 WHERE c3=v3; Update values in the columns c1, c2 that match the condition

INSERT INTO t(c1, c2) SELECT c3, c4 FROM t2; Insert rows from columns c3 and c4 from t2 into columns c1 and c2 in t1 respectively

Notes

t, t1, t2 ... tn - table names
c, c1, c2 ... cn - column names
v, v1, v2 ... vn - values of different type
value - another values
[!] - optional negative condition
[ALL] - optional all condition

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